

UIP1868P User Interface Guide

(Firmware version 0.13.4 and later) V1.2 July 8, 2005

Table of Contents

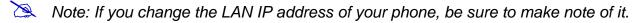
Opening the UIP1868P's Configuration Utility	3
Connecting to Your Broadband Modem	4
Setting up with DHCP	4
Setting up with PPPoE	6
Connecting Local Computers	8
Connecting a single computer	
Connecting a local network	
Supporting a host server on the local network (port forwarding)	
Setting up a DMZ	9
Detailed Screen Reference	11
WAN Menu	11
WAN Status	11
WAN Configuration	12
PPPoE	13
MAC Cloning	14
LAN Menu	14
LAN Configuration	14
DHCP Client Table	16
Router Configuration	18
Dynamic Routing	
Static Routing	18
Port Forwarding	
Port Triggering	20

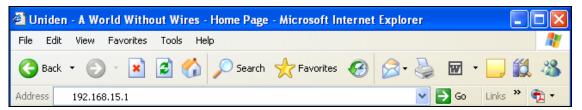
Address Filtering Configuration	20
DMZ Host Configuration	
SYSTEM Menu	
Set Security Password	
Localization	
Call Log	23
Error Log	
Data Pass-Through Configuration	
Upgrade Firmware Menu	
RESET Menu	25

Opening the UIP1868P's Configuration Utility

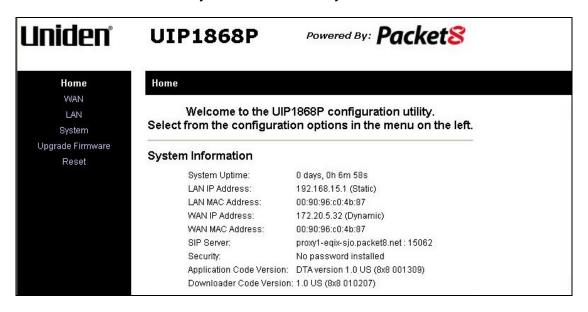
Your UIP1868P VoIP phone provides a browser-based configuration utility; you can configure the phone using the same web browser you use to surf the Internet. To open your phone's configuration utility, follow these instructions:

- Connect a computer with a web browser directly to the LAN port of your UIP1868P. (You may be able to connect to the UIP1868P through a router or wireless access point, but if you have any difficulty connecting, try connecting directly to UIP1868P's LAN Ethernet port.)
- 2. Be sure that this computer is configured to dynamically get an IP address (e.g., has the DHCP client enabled).
- 3. Type the IP address of your UIP1868P's into the address bar of your web browser. The default IP address of your UIP1868P is 192.168.15.1.





4. You should now see the your UIP1868P's System Information Screen:



If you have any trouble opening the utility, first check the connection between your computer and the UIP1868P. Then, reboot your computer while it is connected to the UIP1868P.

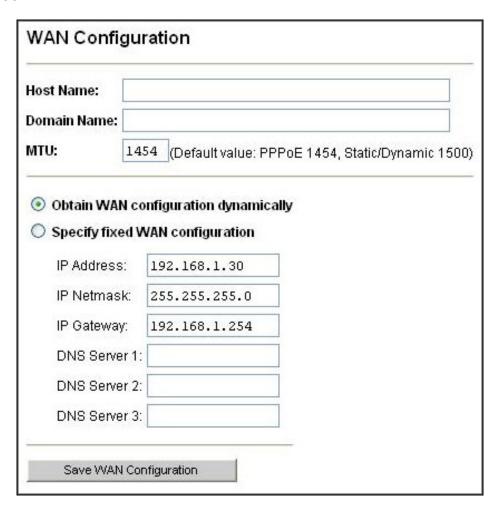
Connecting to Your Broadband Modem

Setting up with DHCP

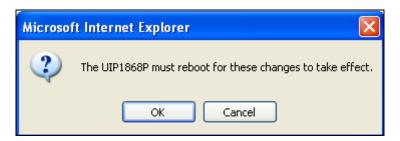
The UIP1868P is configured for use with Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) by default. If your broadband connection uses DHCP, then you simply have to connect your phone's WAN port to your broadband modem and then connect the power on the phone. (See the Quick Reference Guide or the Owner's Manual for detailed connection diagrams.)

If you have disabled the DHCP client (for example, it you have used your phone in a network requiring either PPPoE or a static IP address) and need to re-enable it, follow the steps below.

- 1. Open the configuration utility.
- 2. In the menu bar down the left side of the screen, select WAN.
- 3. In the top menu bar, select *WAN Settings*. This will open the Wan Configuration screen.



- 4. Select the radio button labeled **OBTAIN WAN CONFIGURATION DYNAMICALLY**.
- 5. Click save wan configuration.
- 6. When the utility displays a window telling you it must reboot the phone, make sure your broadband modem is connected to your phone's WAN port, then click **oK**. When the phone finishes rebooting, it will ask your broadband modem to assign an IP address.

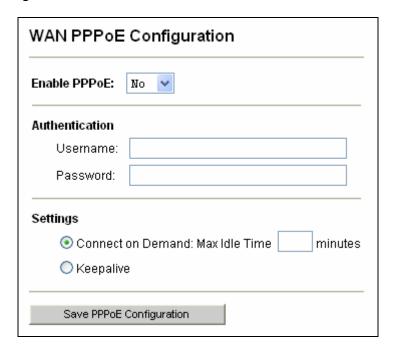


Setting up with PPPoE

Point to Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) is often used by DSL broadband providers to connect and authenticate users on their networks. The service provider will give you a user name and password, and usually some additional software you need to run in order to go online. The UIP1868P can take the place of the additional PPPoE software, allowing you to establish and maintain your broadband connection without running any extra programs on your computer.

Follow the steps below to configure the UIP1868P to use a PPPoE-based connection.

- 1. Open the configuration utility.
- 2. In the menu bar down the left side of the screen, select WAN.
- In the menu bar on the top of the screen, select PPPoE. This opens the WAN PPPoE Configuration screen.



- 4. Under **ENABLE PPPOE**, click the drop-down arrow and select **YES**.
- 5. Under Authentication, enter the **USERNAME** and **PASSWORD** that were provided by your ISP. Username and password are often case-sensitive, so be sure enter capital and small letters correctly.
- Under Settings, select the radio button labeled KEEPALIVE. This configures the phone to maintain the PPPoE connection even when your computer is idle or turned off.



- If you disable the KEEPALIVE function, your phone may not receive all incoming calls that occur when your computer is idle.
 - 7. When the utility displays a window telling you it must reboot the phone, make sure your broadband modem is connected to your phone's WAN port, then click ok. When the phone finishes rebooting, it will ask your broadband modem to assign an IP address.



Connecting Local Computers

Connecting a single computer

If you want to connect a single computer to the Internet through your UIP1868P, use a standard CAT5 Ethernet cable to connect the UIP1868P's LAN port to your computer's Ethernet port. You may have to reboot your computer after you connect it to the phone, but no other configuration should be necessary.

Connecting a local network

If you have more than one device you want to connect to the Internet, then you will need to use an intermediary device such as a switch, a router, or a wireless access point. We strongly recommend that you connect your UIP1868P directly to your broadband modem and connect your switch, router, or access point to the LAN port of your phone. The UIP1868P performs essential Quality of Service (QoS) function that allow for superior voice quality; placing any other device between the UIP1868P and your broadband modem, the traffic on your local area network may reduce the quality of your VoIP phone calls.

Supporting a host server on the local network (port forwarding)

If you plan to set up a computer on your local network to host files or programs accessible to the Internet, you will need to configure your UIP1868P to forward the data associated with the specific type of service you want to support (such as a web server, an FTP server, game server, etc.) to the host server. Internet protocol separates data traffic for different services into port ranges. To configure the UIP1868P to forward any data that comes in on the port range of the service you want to support, follow the steps below.

- Determine the TCP/UDP ports used by the application you are hosting. A list of commonly used ports can be found at http://www.iana.org/assignments/port-numbers.
- 2. Open the configuration utility.
- 3. In the menu bar down the left side of the screen, select LAN.
- 4. In the menu bar on the top of the screen, select *Port Forwarding*. This opens the Port Forwarding Configuration screen.



5. Under *Port Range*, enter the first port of the range you want to forward in the first box and the last port of the range in the second box. If the service you are supporting only uses one port, enter the same port number in both boxes.



Ports in each range must be consecutive. If your service uses non-consecutive ports, simply enter them as two separate port ranges.

- 6. Under *Protocol*, select whether the ports in the range are **UDP** ports, **TCP** ports, or вотн.
- 7. Under Destination Address, enter the IP address of the computer you want the data sent to.
- 8. Click ADD. The UIP1868P will add this port range to list of forwarded ports.
- 9. Repeat steps 5 through 8 for any additional ports ranges you want to forward. To remove any port ranges from the list of forwarded ports, click the **REMOVE** button beside the port range you want to delete.

Setting up a DMZ

If you want to have one computer on your network receive all un-forwarded data that arrives at your firewall (for instance, because you want to monitor network traffic on the WAN side or you have one computer running too many services to configure all the forwarded ports), you can establish a single computer as a DMZ. Any data that is not in a port forwarding range will be sent to the DMZ. Follow the steps below to configure a computer as a DMZ.

CAUTION

The UIP1868P cannot protect a computer running as a DMZ from malicious access. Any computer running as a DMZ should be running a PC based firewall.



Traffic sent to the DMZ is still subject to translation by NAT. This means that applications that are damaged by NAT will still be affected.

- 1. Open the configuration utility.
- 2. In the menu bar down the left side of the screen, select LAN.
- 3. In the menu bar across the top of the screen, select *DMZ*. This will open the DMZ Host Configuration screen.



1. Enter the IP address of the computer you wish to configure as a DMZ and click SAVE DMZ HOST CONFIGURATION.

Detailed Screen Reference

WAN Menu

WAN Status

The WAN Status screen displays information about the connection between the UIP1868P and the DSL or cable modem.

Interface Status	
Enabled:	Yes
Protocol:	Ethernet
Interface Status:	Up
Network Settings	
Dynamic IP Assignment:	YES (via DHCP)
IP Address:	192.168.15.1
MAC Address:	00:01:1d:10:67:75
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0
DNS Server(s):	192.84.19.228
Domain Name:	
VLAN Tag:	Not set
Priority Tag:	Not set

Interface Status

ENABLED YES indicates the WAN interface has been activated. No indicates the interface

has not been activated.

PROTOCOL Displays the protocol the UIP1868P uses to communicate with the modem.

INTERFACE UP indicates the interface is functioning. Down indicates the interface is not

STATUS functioning.

Network Settings

DYNAMIC IP Shows whether the UIP1868P is configured to receive an IP address

Assignment automatically from the modem or the service provider.

IP Address Displays the UIP1868P's IP address.

MAC Address Displays the UIP1868P's MAC (hardware) address.

SUBNET MASK Displays the UIP1868P's subnet mask.

DNS Address Display the IP address of the Domain Name System (DNS) server used by

your service provider.

DOMAIN NAME Displays the domain name of the WAN-side (service provider's) network.

WAN Configuration

The WAN Configuration screen allows you to set the UIP1868P to operate with your DSL/cable modem.

Host Name: Domain Name:			
МТО:	1454	(Default value: PPPoE 1454	, Static/Dynamic 1500)
Obtain WAI	N confi	guration dynamically	
-		l configuration	
IP Address	s: 19	2.168.1.30	
IP Netmas	k: 2:	55.255.255.0	
IP Gateway	y: 19	92.168.1.254	
DNS Serve	er 1:		
DNS Serve	er 2:		
DNS Serve	r 3:		

CAUTION

Saving the WAN Configuration reboots the UIP1868P.

Host Name

Enter the Hostname you would like your UIP1868P to use

Domain Name

Enter the domain name of the host your UIP1868P will use.

MTU

Enter the maximum transmission unit (the largest block of data) your DSL/cable modem can accept. While your IP Phone is configured to use PPPoE your MTUs will need to be set no higher than 1454

Obtain WAN configuration dynamically

Select this option if you do not have a static IP address; the UIP1868P will automatically obtain its IP address and other information from your service provider.

Specify fixed WAN configuration

If your provider gave you a static IP address, select this option and fill out all the information below:

IP ADDRESS Enter the IP address you received from your service provider in the following

format: XXX.XXX.XXX.X

SUBNET MASK Enter the subnet mask you received from your service provider in the following

format: XXX.XXX.XXX.X

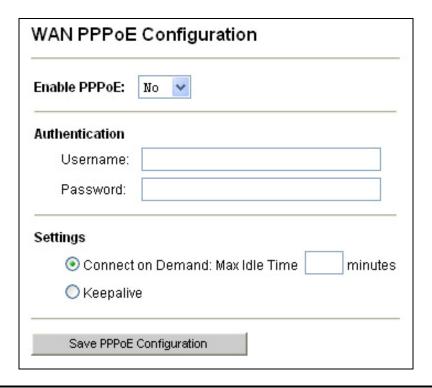
DEFAULT Enter the default gateway address in the following format: XXX.XXX.XXXX.X This

GATEWAY is the IP address of your service provider's router.

service provider. Use the following format: XXX.XXX.XXX.X

PPPoE

The WAN PPPoE screen configures the UIP1868P to support point-to-point protocol over Ethernet.



CAUTION

Saving the PPPoE Configuration reboots the UIP1868P.

Enable PPPoE

Select **YES** to activate the PPPoE protocol.

Authentication

Enter the **USERNAME** and **PASSWORD** you use to login to the PPPoE service.

Settings

Connect on Demand

Select this option to have the adaptor only connect to the PPPoE service whenever your computer sends a request. If your computer remains idle, the UIP1868P will disconnect the PPPoE service.

Max Idle Time

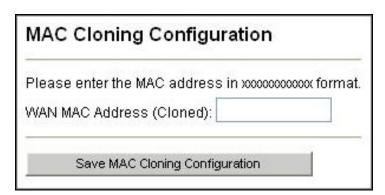
Enter the number of minutes your computer must be idle (no keys are pressed) before the UIP1868P disconnects the PPPoE service.

Keepalive

Select this option to have the UIP1868P maintain the PPPoE connection even while your computer is idle.

MAC Cloning

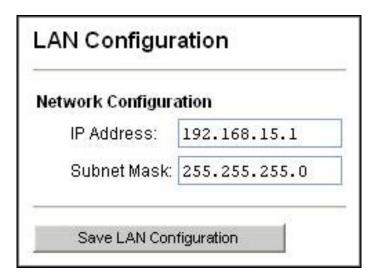
The MAC address is a unique hardware address assigned to each Ethernet device. If your provider requires you to have a single MAC address, enter the MAC address that your provider expects. The UIP1868P will then transmit all packets as if they originated from that MAC address.



LAN Menu

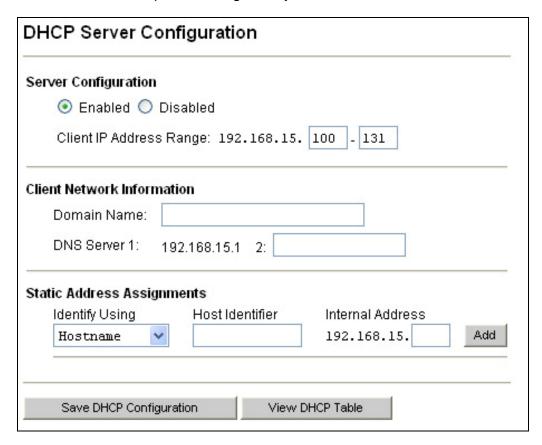
LAN Configuration

The LAN Configuration screen controls the IP address of the LAN port on the UIP1868P. If you have a another device controlling IP address assignments on your local network, you may need to change the UIP1868P's local IP address to place it on the same network and subnet.



DHCP Server Configuration

The DHCP Server Configuration screen enables the router to automatically assign IP address to attached computers using the Dynamic Host Control Protocol.



Server Configuration

Select **ENABLED** to activate the DHCP server and have the UIP1868P assign IP addresses for connected devices.

Client IP Address Range

Enter the range of IP addresses available to local devices. The UIP1868P can support 32 IP addresses, and the address range must be consecutive numbers between 1 and 255.

Client Network Information

Domain Name

Enter the domain name used by the local LAN, if any.

DNS Server 1 & 2

Enter the IP addresses of the primary (1st) and secondary (2nd) DNS servers used by the local LAN.

Static Address Assignments

Complete this information to make the UIP1868P assign the same IP address to a device every time. Assign a static IP address if the device serves as a host for any Internet services. You can assign up to eight static IP addresses.

To assign new static IP addresses, click *Add*. Once a static IP address is assigned, you can remove it by clicking the *Remove* button beside it.

Identify Using

Select whether you want to identify the local device by a **HOST NAME** of by the **MAC ADDRESS**.

Host Identifier

Enter the name or the MAC address of the host.

Internal Address

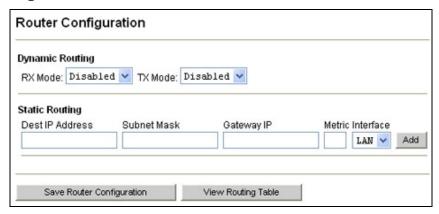
Enter the IP address you want the DHCP server to assign to this device.

DHCP Client Table

The DHCP Client Table screen displays the name and ID (based on the MAC address) of connected devices; it also shows the IP address and how long each address is leased.



Router Configuration



Dynamic Routing

Dynamic routing allows the UIP1868P to learn routing tables from other network devices by means of the Routing Information Protocol (RIP). With RIP, network devices can broadcast messages containing information on the status of network connections.

its connections. RX Mode means we listen to and process RIP messages, TX Mode means we send RIP information to other routers..

RX Mode

Select **ENABLED** to have the UIP1868P process any RIP messages it receives from other network devices. Select DISABLED to have the UIP1868P ignore any RIP messages it receives.

TX Mode

Select **ENABLED** to have the UIP1868P broadcast RIP messages to other network devices. Select **DISABLED** to prevent the UIP1868P from broadcasting RIP messages.

Static Routing

Static routing lets you configure particular IP addresses to be routed to the LAN port or the WAN port of the adapter.

Dest IP Address

Enter the IP address of the device you want to configure static routing for. Any Ethernet packets destined for this IP address will be routed according to this configuration.

Subnet Mask

Enter the subnet mask of the destination device.

Gateway IP

Enter the IP address of the gateway (i.e., the next router in the network path) to the destination device.

Metric

Enter the metric associated with this static route. The Metric field corresponds roughly to the number of hops it takes to get to the network or host being entered.

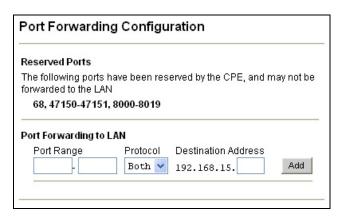
Interface

Select LAN to route packets destined for this device to the LAN port; Select WAN to route packets destined for this device to the WAN port.

Port Forwarding

The Internet uses *ports* to specify different types of service requests. For instance, an email message contains a code for port 110 (POP3 mail services) while a web page request contains a code for port 80 (HTTP services). This allows the router to send the requests to the correct host: any marked as port 110 is routed to the mail server, and any data marked as port 80 is routed to the web server.

If you want to set up one or more computers as a host, you must tell the router what services should be sent to that host. This configuration is called *port forwarding*. There are over four thousand ports defined for different services. Of these, about one thousand are used most often and considered "well-known" ports. Complete lists of all well-known ports are available on the Internet; search for "well-known ports".



Reserved Ports

The adaptor reserves ports 5060-5061 and 10000-10015.

Port Forwarding to LAN

PORT RANGE Enter the first and last numbers of the port range you wan to map to

this computer. If you want to forward a single port only, enter the

same port number in both spaces.

NOTE: Port ranges are consecutive. If you need to assign nonconsecutive ports to a computer, you must enter that computer

twice with different port ranges.

PROTOCOL Select TCP, UDP, or BOTH (TCP/UDP) according to the needs of your

network.

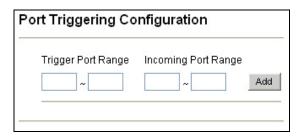
DESTINATION Enter the IP address of the computer you want to use as the host

ADDRESS computer for these services, then click **ADD**.

Port Triggering

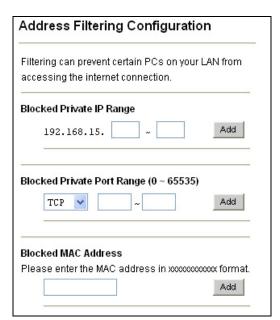
Port triggering is essentially dynamic port forwarding. With port triggering, data received on the specified ports is only forwarded to the LAN when outbound data from the local computer enables or "triggers" the forwarding. This feature is useful for services that require a response from the server, but the response may come in on a different port.

For example, connecting to an IRC server uses the port range 6660-6670. After your computer connects to the IRC server, the server confirms the connection on port 113. In this case, you would set ports 6660-6670 as the trigger (outbound data) port range and 113-113 as the incoming (reply data) port range. When your computer sends data out on port 6660, the UIP1868P will then temporarily forward data received on port 113 to your LAN.



Address Filtering Configuration

The Address Filtering Configuration screen lets you block certain computers from accessing the Internet or from accessing certain services on the Internet. You can filter computers by IP address or by MAC address.



Blocked Private IP Range

Enter the range of IP addresses you want to block from accessing the Internet connection.

Blocked Private Port Range (0 ~ 65535)

Enter the range of port numbers that define the Internet services you want to block access to; you must also specify whether these port numbers use the TCP standard, the UDP standard, or BOTH.

Blocked MAC Address

Enter the MAC or hardware address of any computers you want block from accessing the Internet connection. Enter the 12 characters of the MAC address with no spaces or punctuation.

DMZ Host Configuration

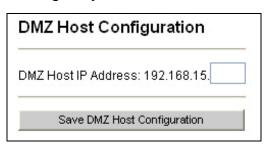
If you want to have one computer on your network receive all un-forwarded data that arrives at your firewall (for instance, because you want to monitor network traffic on the WAN side or you have one computer running too many services to configure all the forwarded ports), you can establish a single computer as a DMZ. Any data that is not in a port forwarding range will be sent to the DMZ. Follow the steps below to configure a computer as a DMZ.

CAUTION

The UIP1868P cannot protect a computer configured to operate as the DMZ from malicious access.



Traffic sent to the DMZ is still subject to translation by NAT. This means that applications that are damaged by NAT will still be affected.



SYSTEM Menu

Set Security Password



New password

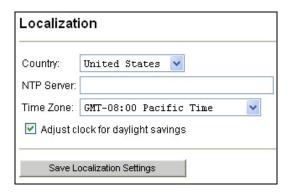
Enter the password you wan to use for this account.

Confirm new password

Enter the same password again for confirmation.

Localization

The Localization screen controls the time and place settings.



Country

Select the country the UIP1868P is currently operating in.

NTP Server

Enter the Network Time Protocol (NTP) server you want the UIP1868P to use to automatically update the date and time settings. If you don't enter an NTP server, the time and date stamp on Caller ID messages may not work correctly.

Time Zone

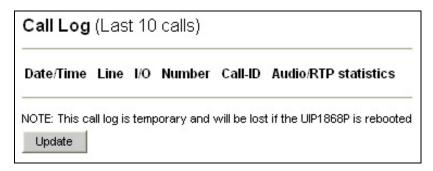
Select the time zone where the UIP1868P is currently operating.

Adjust clock for daylight savings

Select this box to have the UIP1868P automatically adjust the time one hour for Daylight Standard Time (DST). If your area does not observe DST, do not enable this option.

Call Log

The Call Log displays the last 10 calls received or transmitted by the UIP1868P.



DATE/TIME Displays the date and time of the call.

LINE Displays the line the call used.

I/O Displays whether the call was inbound our outbound.Number Displays the phone number of the other party to the call.

CALL-ID Displays the Call-Id header value in the SIP messages. Your service provider

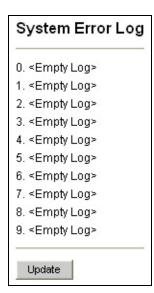
uses this information to locate/manage calls during troubleshooting.

AUDIO/RTP Displays RTP/RTCP statistics for the call (e.g. the number and percentage of

STATISTICS lost packets, jitter, latency etc.)

Error Log

The error log screen is used for gathering diagnostic information that could be used later by a Packet8 technician to help investigate a network problem or a disruption of service. This screen will be needed if you call Packet8 customer support



Data Pass-Through Configuration

Most of the features on the Data Pass-Through Configuration screen relate to virtual private network (VPN) functions. Select the box beside the feature to activate it.

Data Pass Through Configuration
Enable PPTP Pass Through: 🔽
Enable Multicast Pass Through:
Enable IPSec (no encapsulation) Pass Through: 🔽
Enable Blocking WAN Request:
Save Data Pass Through Configuration

Enable PPTP Pass Through

The PPTP pass through feature passes any packets using the point-to-point tunneling protocol through to the local LAN.

Enable Multicast Pass Through

The multicast pass through feature passes any IP multicast packets through to the local LAN.

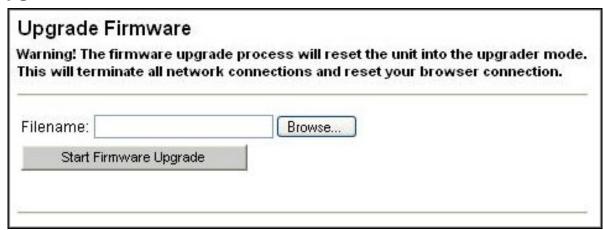
Enable IPSec (no encapsulation) Pass Through

The IPSec feature passes any packets bearing an IP security header through to the local LAN.

Enable Blocking WAN Request

The Block WAN Request feature prevents your computers from being detected by other Internet users and hides your network ports, making it very difficult for outside users to access your local LAN.

Upgrade Firmware Menu



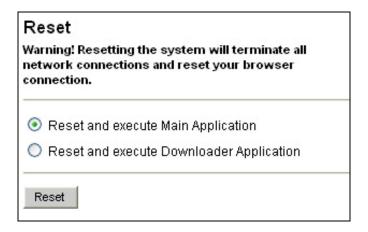
Upgrades will automatically be performed by your UIP1868P periodically as upgrades become available. This feature is included to allow packet8 upgrading options for future product enhancement

CAUTION

The Upgrade Firmware process will reset the unit into the Upgrade Firmware mode. This will terminate all network connections and reset your browser connection.

The Upgrade Firmware screen is used to update the firmware in your UIP1868P. You should not use the Upgrade Firmware screen except on the advice of a Customer Service Representative.

RESET Menu



CAUTION! Resetting the system will terminate all network connections and reset your browser connection.

Reset and execute Main Application

Select this option to reset the UIP1868P.

Reset and Execute Downloader Application

Select this option to have the UIP1868P reset and automatically go into the Upgrade Firmware mode.

CAUTION

Resetting into the Upgrade Firmware mode will terminate all network connections and reset your browser connection. You should not use the Reset and Execute Downloader Application option except on the advice of a Customer Service Representative.